Position Statement

The American Organization of Nurse Executives (AONE), the premier organization and voice for nursing leadership, is committed to advocating for and achieving diversity within the community of nurse leaders and in the workplace environment. The organizational mission and strategic direction of AONE recognize that the success of nursing leadership is dependent on reflecting the diversity of the communities nurses serve. AONE advocates promoting diversity in all forms.

It is the position of AONE that diversity is one of the essential building blocks of a healthful practice/work environment and, as such, we believe the following to be essential principles of diversity:

- Diversity is more than a compliance issue; it is an issue of stewardship of human resources.
- The effects of culture/diversity on behavior can be and often are significant, but culture/diversity does not predict behavior.
- Difference is not a problem; it is an opportunity to learn and grow.
- The consideration of both visible and non-visible components of multi-culturalism is a necessary cognitive process in all human encounters.
- Assaults on anyone’s self-esteem, sexual preference or individuality are not acceptable under any circumstances.
- Incorrect assumptions about diversity result in an environment which is risk adverse and non-transformational.
- Relationships are the true currency of organizations. Diversity, when valued and treated as strength, can increase work productivity, minimize time-consuming disruptions and increase creative approaches to challenges.

- The need to address educational pipeline issues is an urgent matter if we are to have an adequately diverse workforce for the future.
- Cross-generational, cross-gender and cross-racial mentoring are actions that foster equity.
- Racism and its companions—biases, stereotypes and prejudices—must be understood and its undesirable effects prevented.
- Ageism and its companions—intergenerational biases, stereotypes and prejudices—must be understood and its undesirable effects prevented.
- It is appropriate and noteworthy to incorporate health literacy (CLAS Standards) into nursing curricula and areas of participant competence by professional schools and continuing education programs in nursing or other health-related fields.
- It is desirable and educationally responsible for schools of nursing to acknowledge and consider in their admission policies the impact culture may have on factors such as test scores, class rank and acts of leadership on the applicant pool of under-represented and traditionally marginalized groups in nursing.
- It is important that organizations align their workforce with that of the larger population within the community to ensure a culturally diverse workforce.
- It is necessary to understand the demographic characteristics of the patient populations served and strive to balance them with those of the health care workforce.

AONE Guiding Principles

The following principles are intended to guide the nurse leader in achieving a diverse workforce by becoming an advocate for resources to implement and support a diversity program, encouraging a commitment to education, and leading diversity research initiatives that are based on performance improvement outcomes.

Guiding Principle #1 – Health care organizations will strive to develop internal and external resources that support patient-centered care and meet the needs of the diverse patient and workforce populations served.

- Designate fiscal resources to develop programs and policies to meet the needs of diverse patient populations served.
- Establish system processes to ensure the needs of all patient populations are met.
- Include members from the local community with diverse backgrounds in organizational planning processes.
- Educate the community on the importance of collecting data, including patient and workforce race, ethnicity, and primary language spoken, for use in improving patient care, safety and quality.
Guiding Principle #2 – Health care organizations will support staff members in obtaining training and education on the importance of executing employment recruitment plans and strategies to attract a workforce that is reflective of the populations served.

Guiding Principle #3 – Health care organizations will partner with universities, schools of nursing, and other organizations that educate health care workers to develop processes and policies to ensure that non-English speaking and limited English proficiency patients will be assured access to interpretive services and written translated patient education materials and documents, employing a variety of education methodologies.

Guiding Principle #4 – Health care organizations will collect and disseminate diversity-related resources and information.

Guiding Principle #2 – Health care organizations will aim to establish a healthful practice/work environment that is reflective of diversity through a commitment to inclusivity, tolerance and governance structures.

Guiding Principle #3 – Health care organizations will recognize and appreciate the social and cultural barriers to college attendance that may exist for students from diverse population, gender and age groups.

Guiding Principle #4 – Health care organizations will foster recruitment and retention of a student population that reflects the diversity of the United States.

Guiding Principle #2 – Health care organizations will support development and implementation of policies, procedures, programs and learning environments that recognize and support graduate education for nurses from diverse populations in order to build a more diverse pool of nurse leaders including nursing faculty.

Guiding Principle #3 – Health care organizations will create and support community outreach programs such as shadow a nurse day, health care career fairs and high school tutoring programs for targeted cultural groups in collaboration with members of the local community.

Guiding Principle #4 – Health care organizations will create a clinical rotation environment that supports a diverse nursing student body and learning styles, and collaborates with faculty to assure students have clinical experiences that provide opportunities to assess diverse patients, experience diverse cultural norms and health care practices, and design and implement culturally competent, linguistically appropriate, patient-centered care that is equitable and responsive to diverse patient populations.

Guiding Principle #2 – Health care organizations will encourage the employment of diverse groups of health care professionals.

Guiding Principle #3 – Health care organizations will actively involve all people in a shared decision-making process, when appropriate.

Guiding Principle #4 – Health care organizations will utilize technology to heighten awareness and share information and resources related to diversity.

Guiding Principle #2 – Health care organizations will aim to establish leadership and governance teams.

Guiding Principle #3 – Health care organizations will emphasize the promotion, recognition and acceptance of diversity by all staff members in a non-biased and sensitive manner.

Guiding Principle #4 – Health care organizations will collect and disseminate diversity-related resources and information.

Guiding Principle #2 – Health care organizations will celebrate the diversity of talent as a source of strength, pride and team spirit throughout the organization.

Guiding Principle #3 – Health care organizations will facilitate the creation of a work environment that is conducive to open communication, acceptant of differences, and flexible in maximizing the use of an increasingly diverse and aging workforce.

Guiding Principle #4 – Health care organizations will support technology to heighten awareness and share information and resources related to diversity.

Guiding Principle #2 – Health care organizations will facilitate the creation of a work environment at all levels, including leadership and governance teams.

Guiding Principle #3 – Health care organizations will emphasize the promotion, recognition and acceptance of diversity by all staff members in a non-biased and sensitive manner.

Guiding Principle #4 – Health care organizations will collect and disseminate diversity-related resources and information.

Guiding Principle #2 – Health care organizations will support development and implementation of policies, procedures, programs and learning environments that foster recruitment and retention of a student population that reflects the diversity of the United States.

Guiding Principle #3 – Health care organizations will encourage use of admission criteria that focus on both qualitative and quantitative data.

Guiding Principle #4 – Health care organizations will recognize and appreciate the social and cultural barriers to college attendance that may exist for students from diverse population, gender and age groups.

Guiding Principle #2 – Health care organizations will enter into collaborative agreements between education and practice that offer nursing staff from diverse groups the opportunity to serve as student mentors, guest lecturers, participants in school-based health centers and/or clinical faculty.

Guiding Principle #3 – Health care organizations will encourage and support graduate education for nurses from diverse populations in order to build a more diverse pool of nurse leaders including nursing faculty.

Guiding Principle #4 – Health care organizations will develop and implement career plans for potential candidates for nursing careers from current employees with an emphasis on those from nonmajority groups.

Guiding Principle #2 – Health care organizations will create and support community outreach programs such as shadow a nurse day, health care career fairs and high school tutoring programs for targeted cultural groups in collaboration with members of the local community.

Guiding Principle #3 – Health care organizations will create a clinical rotation environment that supports a diverse nursing student body and learning styles, and collaborates with faculty to assure students have clinical experiences that provide opportunities to assess diverse patients, experience diverse cultural norms and health care practices, and design and implement culturally competent, linguistically appropriate, patient-centered care that is equitable and responsive to diverse patient populations.

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including race, ethnicity and primary language spoken. Train staff on effective strategies and appropriate mechanisms for obtaining these data elements.

- Inform communities why it is necessary for health care organizations to collect patient and workforce race, ethnicity and primary language data.
- Routinely review quality and utilization data by race, ethnicity and primary language of patients to eliminate potential inconsistency in quality of care across various patient populations and to balance patient population demographics and the workforce population.
- Utilize data to develop action plans toward improving the state of diversity in the workplace.
- Conduct research to measure the effectiveness of improvement plans.
- Review evidence-based practice, related to diversity, and incorporate best practices into the organizations’ own settings.

References


McIntosh, P. (1988). *White privilege and male privilege: a personal account of coming to see correspondences through work in women’s studies*. Wellesley College, Center for Research on Women, Wellesley, MA.


